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CONSPIRACY OF FIRE BUGS

STARTLING FACTS BROUGHT OUT IN A NEW YORK COURT.

There were five in the plot and the scheme was to set fire to buildings and then collect a bonus on the insurance. It is said that several women are implicated in the scheme.

New York, May 31.—Morris Schoenholz, who was arrested several days ago on a charge of arson, was arraigned in the Yorkville court this afternoon and held under \$10,000 bail for examination. The facts brought out by Schoenholz's arrest are of a startling nature and show the existence of a gang of firebugs in the city besides the recently scattered Granger gang. The principal witness against the accused was Morris Weiner. He made affidavit that he was present at a conspiracy in which Schoenholz, Hahn, Detch, a man named Rosenberg, whose first name he did not know, and the deponent participated.

It was agreed that Schoenholz should fire the premises selected. Schoenholz was paid \$20 on account. Weiner also swore that on the morning of January 3 last he saw Schoenholz enter the premises in question with a bundle of dynamite. One hour and twenty minutes later the place was inflamed. Witnesses also stated that certain tenants had been cautioned to leave the building prior to the date. A week later Detch collected \$1,000 on a policy he had placed with the Phoenix company of Brooklyn. Schoenholz pleaded not guilty and asked for time to obtain counsel. The case was set for examination June 4. It is reported that Schoenholz has made a confession in which he admitted setting fire to a dozen places.

Assistant District Attorney announced today that by Thursday he would have a startling disclosure to make as the result of his investigations into testimony and facts laid before him by "Fire Marshall Mitchell. Mr. Davis said: "I have secured evidence of the most startling character, and the disclosure will be most sensational. I shall lay the facts before the grand jury and I expect that over a dozen indictments will result. All those implicated are business men who now stand high in their various lines. There has been evidence laid before me which points toward a firebug brotherhood—a thoroughly organized gang of scoundrels who make money through their operations. By next Thursday I shall unfold some of the greatest schemes ever attempted in this line."

It was said by attaches of the district attorney's office that among those implicated in this latest firebug swindle were women, several fire underwriters and at least one lawyer. The lawyer is alleged to have advised the firebugs in many details; the underwriters acted as go-betweens and loaned a most important part in insuring the insurance companies. The women acted usually for their husbands after the latter had been burned out several times and the companies refused to take further business. It is said this gang has made over \$200,000 out of their unlawful proceedings. These new developments, it is announced, will show that all the recent fires in the upper west side which have non-imposed the police are the result of these gangs' work. Schoenholz will be used as the chief witness against those who will be indicted. He is known to be police as Schoenbauer and has served eight years for burglary and a year for conspiring to start a fire.

Assistant District Attorney Davis held certain that Schoenholz worked with the Granger, Isaacs and Michans and that these gangs aided and abetted one another.

Adolph Herschkopf, a member of Schoenholz's gang, has also confessed.

Another Record Broken.

Louisville, May 31.—Mike Dirmberger, Syracuse, N. Y., broke another record at Fountain Perry park today. He covered two-thirds mile, paced by quad, in 1:09 4-5. This was the only record he went after.

There is a Lack of Funds.

Portsmouth, N. H., May 31.—Nearly all the forces in the department of construction and repair at Kittery navy yard were discharged to-night owing the lack of funds to carry on the work, which practically shuts down the yard.

Sentence Was Deferred.

Philadelphia, May 31.—L. Lum Smith, publisher of the Agents' Herald, was convicted of sending information through the mails stating where immorality could be obtained. A few days ago Smith was convicted of carrying on a scheme to defraud through the mails by the medium of his paper, United States Judge Butler deferred sentence in both cases.

He Killed, Another Wounded.

Other Details Are Given in the Attack Made by Bedouins.

Jeddah, May 31.—Further details of attack by Bedouins upon the foreign consular party yesterday, have been made public. The party had gone out on a stroll, and in the course of the night had stopped to rest at a point a mile from the town. While resting they were surrounded and fired upon from a distance of four yards.

Salazar, the vice consul, who also consul for Norway and Sweden, was so badly wounded that he died a few minutes. Mr. W. S. Richards, British consul, was severely wounded in the arm and back. Mr. Brandt, the Danish consul, and Mr. O'Connell, secretary of the French legation, received serious wounds. The body of Abrazek shows that he was stabbed, seven arrests have been made.

ON THE BALL FIELD.

Results of the Games in the Big League Yesterday.

At New York.—Dad Clarke pitched magnificent ball to-day and completely outwitted the Chicago players. The score:

New York... 0 0 0 2 2 0 1 1-11
Chicago... 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 1-4

At New York, 10, Chicago 9. Batteries—Clarke and Schriver; Hutchinson and Moran.

At Washington.—The League leaders were again defeated by Washington today in the most interesting game played here this season. The home team played in faultless style. Killen was batted hard in the fifth inning and retired in favor of Hart, but he, too, was easy when his was necessary. Stockdale was hit very hard, but was finely supported. Sugden made a home run. The score:

Washington... 0 0 1 5 1 0 0 3-10
Pittsburgh... 0 0 1 2 0 0 0 0-5

At Washington, 15, Pittsburgh 10. Batteries—Washington 6, Pittsburgh 10. Batteries—Stockdale and McGuire; Killen, Hart and Sugden.

At Baltimore.—The champions to-day moved up a game scheduled with Louisville for September 6 and made it four straight. The score:

Baltimore... 0 0 0 1 3 7 5 0 0-16
Louisville... 0 0 1 0 0 6 1 3 0-6

At Baltimore, 18, Louisville 12. Batteries—Baltimore 18, Louisville 12. Batteries—Hoffer and W. Clarke; Inks, Luby and Welch.

The Town En Fete.

Luback, May 31.—This town has been en fete to-day, the occasion being the laying of the foundation stone of the canal that is to connect the rivers Elbe and Trave. To-night a banquet was given in the town hall and the town was brilliantly illuminated.

BURIED IN A CAFE-IN.

One Man Met Almost Instant Death and Another Was Injured.

Boston, May 31.—Deer Island, Boston harbor, was to-day the scene of a shocking accident which caused the almost instant death of one man and seriously injured a second. Both victims were employed as laborers on the Metropolitan sewer.

About 3:35 the full force of men were at work, Stephen Haley and John Myers, both of Boston, among the rest. These two men were digging behind the pumping station and the excavation had reached a depth of about fifteen feet, when the banks caved in, completely burying them. Witnesses rushed to the rescue, but the men were unconscious when taken out and Haley died a few minutes later. Myers had sustained a broken leg and it is feared internal injuries. He was sent to the hospital.

Jockey's Neck Broken.

Washington, May 31.—A fatal accident occurred during the last race at St. Asaph this afternoon. As the horses were coming around the turn into the homestretch Kirkover, ridden by Corley, fell, breaking the jockey's neck. Three other horses fell on him. Donnelly, on Punch, the favorite, was injured about the head. Punch broke his leg and had to be killed.

Deputies Appointed.

Middletown, May 31.—Sheriff T. S. Brown of Middlesex county to-day appointed the following deputies for four years, with two places yet to be filled: Middletown, D. Newland Davis; Portland, J. A. Jones; Old Saybrook, W. H. Smith; Westbrook, Z. C. Morgan; Killingworth, Charles G. Redfield; Durham, Arthur H. Merwin.

Jailors—Middletown, C. B. Clark, salary \$200 and home; Haddam, Captain W. E. Odber, \$80 a month and assistant, W. H. Clifton, \$45 a month; matron of county home, Mrs. E. Odber, \$35 a month and \$25 for servants.

Ill in New Haven.

Middletown, May 31.—Thomas Coleman of this city, wanted for the description of his wife, has been located in Ireland. His wife is very ill in the New Haven hospital.

Gold Climbs Up.

Washington, May 31.—For the first time since December 15 last the gold reserve has climbed above the \$99,000,000 mark. To-day the reserve amounted to \$99,048,042, a gain of \$785,339 since May 28.

Will Not Be a Terror.

London, May 31.—The Field will say in the morning that certainly in light weather, and probably in a breeze, Howard Gould's new Herreshoff-built yacht Niagara will not be such a terror as the Dakotah.

Punishment Is Demanded.

Constantinople, May 31.—The embassies of Great Britain, Russia and France have demanded the punishment of the Turkish police at Moosh who broke into the residences of the British, Russian and French delegates on the Armenian commission for the purpose of arresting a servant.

He Sank at Once.

Providence, May 31.—William Walworth, a young lad, while playing on an oyster boat down the river, this afternoon, missing his footed and fell into the river. He sank at once and the boy was recovered in thirty minutes, but all attempts to resuscitation failed.

Attached For Thousands.

Salem, Mass., May 31.—An attachment was recorded at the court house to-day in action of contract brought by Margaret E. Anderson against John F. Hurley of Salem for \$20,000.

GRAND TABLET UNVEILING.

AT FORT WOOSTER PARK, DAY AFTER THE GLORIOUS FOURTH.

In Honor of the Brave Defense of New Haven at the Old Fort—Impressive and Inspiring Ceremonies—Many Notable Public Improvements at This Park and at Fort Wooster Park.

Many notable improvements of special interest to the public have been made this season or are now being made at Fort Hale Park and at Fort Wooster Park. A suitable public bathing place at Fort Hale Park is an accommodation that thousands in the heated and dusty city would be glad to have and this good thing is now obtainable. The grocery store of Captain Belcher just at the north end of the Cove and at the foot of the southern base of the Palisades, has been moved across the road to the captain's land, next to his home and the house under the hill, where he has hitherto been residing has been converted under the auspices of the park commissioners into a bathhouse pavilion, and here nice bathing suits, towels, etc., will be afforded. The house will be in the charge of the wife of one of the conductors of the Morris Cove branch of the New Haven Street railway.

Then, too, on the west side of Fort Hale Park the park commissioners will build another bathing place for men only, where a plunge naked into the salt sea water may be enjoyed if desired and the spot for bathing is secluded, being hidden from view by the moats and bomb proofs.

Also the park commissioners have had the stone wall or jetty extended outward, so that the effect, it is expected, will be to cover the present rocky bottom with sand, as was formerly the case. This will make it more comfortable for bathers. Then, too, the commissioners are to have sheds and bath houses erected for the benefit of the bathing public of the male sex. Then the projection of stone, which has been built by the Connor Brothers for the commission, will be a splendid place for fishing. Here, as is well known, there is always deep water and the place is free of the sea bass and blackfish are caught. The extension of the wall is about one hundred feet from shore.

Then in further accordance with the idea of making Fort Hale Park truly a park for the people, paths have been made to the top of the Palisades, as well as drives leading to that eminence where such a delightful view of a vast sweep of country, sea, land, hill, city, and mountains can be obtained. The old dilapidated buildings which disfigured this park are gone. The foundations of the old copper works building are still standing, as the park commission's aim was to have a suitable refreshment building erected for accommodation of the people, and there is talk by the New Haven Street Railway company of erecting a casino on the site, which will be a great popular place for shade and refreshment at this park. The railroad company has just built a platform at the park for the accommodation of the public where the Morris Cove line cars stop and from this point it is a delightful walk to the top of the Palisades and thence around to where the Belcher house was at the foot of the heights. Hundreds of people take this stroll daily and then ride back. The park commissioners have set out a large number of vigorous young trees on the park and on Foot Wooster Park. Several hundred in all have been set out. Superintendent Thompson has been supervising this and other improvements at the parks, including much necessary grading, which is very pleasing to all observers.

Another thing which is to create a great interest in New Haven and vicinity is the unveiling of a tablet at Fort Wooster Park in honor of the defense of New Haven at the invasion of the British in 1779. The tablet is now being made and will be placed on the north side of the large boulder on the park's summit, where the earthworks were, as has been designated by the park commissioners. The tablet and inscription will thus be where all can readily see it, on the north side of the boulder and the right of the entrance to the park. The erection of the tablet and the unveiling ceremony will be under the auspices of the Sons of the American Revolution. It is a highly patriotic commemorative work. There will be a notable program of exercises. The Second Company Governor's Foot Guard, headed by the Foot Guard band, will escort the Sons of the American Revolution. The start will be from the corner of Church and Chapel street, the assemblage proceeding by the electric cars to the park entrance. Thence the Foot Guard in all their glory and splendor and with all the historic honors attaching to that body from the days of 1776, will escort the Sons of the American Revolution to the top of the park, where the patriotic exercises will take place.

President Jonathan Trumbull of the Connecticut Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, will preside, and Horace Porter, president of the National society, will, it is expected be present and make an address. Other features of the program are yet to be arranged.

Next July 5 is the 116th anniversary of the gallant defense at Fort Wooster against the British invasion of New Haven.

Young Woman Honored.

Boston, May 31.—Miss Sara Bryant of Melrose, of the senior class of the College of Boston, has been honored with an appointment to a fellowship by the Collegiate Alumnae association of America. This fellowship will give the appointee a year's study in the great German universities, commencing next fall. The fellowship is given to the collegiate alumnae by Mrs. Rannister Willard.

CONDITION OF TRADE.

Bradstreet's Sends Out a Good Report of the Country.

New York, May 31.—Bradstreet says: The observance of Memorial day has served to check trade this week, but there has been further shrinkage in the amount of business transacted, due to not altogether well founded fears of serious damage to the grain crops. The bank clearings total for the week is only \$33,000,000, but this is 17 per cent. higher than in the corresponding week, also one day short, in 1894. As contrasted with last week the shrinkage is 25 per cent., and with the week two years ago during the panic 7 per cent.

Reports to Bradstreet from manufacturing industries at seventy-five cities east of the Rockies show that more than 227 important manufacturing concerns started up between April 1 and a week ago, by reason of which 53,000 employees have secured work. But the additional significant fact is found in the report that wages of no fewer than 178,000 industrial employees have been advanced within this period an average of 10 per cent., of whom six-sevenths received the advance without striking.

The tendency of prices is upward, notably so for steel and iron, which are in better demand, despite higher prices. Coffee, sugar, flour, lumber, coal and tin plates are firm at last week's prices, while declines in quotations are 1-16 cent for print cloths, petroleum, Pennsylvania tobacco at Philadelphia, and live cattle at Omaha and Kansas City. Wool continues to show slow sale, interior prices being about what the eastern manufacturers are willing to pay. Cotton goods remain heavy and prices are quiet, but the mills are said to have a large number of orders for fall delivery.

At the large eastern cities the volume of business is slowly but steadily expanding, now that summer weather has appeared, and the improvement in iron and steel industries has developed into buoyancy. Seasonable fabrics, shoes, groceries, hardware and metals lead as to demand. The lake trade is reported from Buffalo as improved, and at Baltimore clothing and hat makers look for revival of their lines in the autumn. In Pittsburgh there is an stimulus owing to a strong tone in iron and steel.

While there has been no noteworthy change in trade in part of the central western states, the region about Chicago and west thereof, including St. Louis, Kansas City, Omaha and Des Moines fields, reports a moderate check to the volume of business this week, due to fears of crop damage. Prolonged dry weather has made its influence felt on demand for all staples at Kansas City, and on mercantile collections also. This is true of Nebraska and Iowa points also, except that in the former state a good rain in the middle of the week revived confidence. Seventeen year locusts have appeared throughout Nebraska, but thus far in that as in other leading grain producing states the damage done crops is said to be less than reported from day to day in the press. There are gains at the south with improvements at the south. There is an improved demand at New Orleans, and buyers are showing more of tendency to anticipate wants.

The volume of trade activity in general trade observed in some sections of the west extends to a few cities on the Pacific coast, notably to Portland and to Tacoma, although at both of these crop conditions are favorable and business prospects good. At Seattle business is duller, although the condition of the crop is good. Exports of wheat, both coasts, this week amount to 2,426 bushels against 2,401,000 bushels in the same week a year ago.

Business failures throughout the United States this week number 205, against 153 in the week a year ago.

INDIGNATION AROUSED.

Telegram Sent by Congressman Boutelle Creates a Stir.

Chicago, May 31.—The telegram sent by Congressman Boutelle of Maine to Mayor Swift protesting against the dedication of the Confederate monument Memorial day aroused the indignation of General H. K. Douglass of Maryland to-day.

"All that I would ask," said the ex-confederate, "would be to have a chance at this man from Maine before a Chicago audience composed of the Grand Army. The sublime impudence and audacity. The real representatives of Maine, Hale, Frye and Reed, have no such sentiments to express."

Back in Washington.

Washington, May 31.—President Cleveland and all the cabinet, except Secretary Carlisle and Morton, returned to Washington safely at 5:02 p. m.

Big Offers Made.

Schenectady, N. Y., May 31.—It is stated as a fact that the General Electric company has been offered 100 acres of land and \$1,000,000 cash to consolidate all the factories at one place in New Jersey. The company's engineers have reported that the saving in expenses by consolidating the factories at Lynn, Mass., Harrison, N. Y., and in this city at some point near Philadelphia or New York would offset the loss which would result from selling the factories at the points named.

Gone Into Insolvency.

Boston, May 31.—Samuel Hano, real estate, 50 Braintree street, with residence at Newton, has gone into insolvency. He owes about \$315,000, which includes \$185,000 secured by mortgages and indentures. The assets are 980 shares of stock of the Alston Real Estate company. Mr. Hano has never recovered from his failure in June, 1892, although it is thought he might have done so had the real estate business in Alston proved good.

VIEWS OF SENATOR HILL.

WHAT HE HAS TO SAY REGARDING THE SPEECH OF MR. SHERMAN.

He Says if an Ohio Democrat Had Made It It Would Have Been Met With Contumacious—He Takes a Very Bold Stand on the Silver Question—It Is Difficult for Him to Believe That Any Congress Will Create a New American Dollar.

Albany, May 31.—Senator Hill to-day was asked whether he had read Senator Sherman's speech on the monetary question.

"I have," said the senator. "If an Ohio democrat had made the speech it would have met with contumacious. The implication startled me that there are in a prosperous state like Ohio republican voters who wish to degrade our dollar standard and pay their debts in cheaper money than they promised to pay in. It is difficult for me to believe that a majority in any state or in any American congress will vote to create a new dollar merely in order that thereby debtors may evade the payment of one-half, one-quarter or any percentage of what they owe and have promised. That would be worse and more indefensible than the creation in 1862 by Senator Sherman's party of the full legal tender greenback dollar. Then the country was in the agony of war, but now there is profound peace."

"Until I read the latest legal tender decision in 1883 by a republican supreme court in Justice's case I did not think that our highest judicial tribunal could tolerate such repudiation of private contracts by a degradation of our legal tender dollar. It has not been attempted until 1892. Whether our standard was gold or silver, it was until 1892 an honest standard, an ungraded standard. During those seventy years nobody loading dollars felt it necessary in note or bond, as now, to describe the dollars of payment as gold dollars of present weight and fineness. Not till 1892 did congress begin to force the circulation of degraded dollars by imparting to them a full legal tender faculty. The failure of congress in 1834 to adopt the European coinage ratio of 15 1/2 undervalued silver and expelled it, so that in order to keep in the country minor silver the law of 1853 authorized the coinage of small undervalued silver pieces, but they were not a full legal tender. That Senator Sherman describes as proper and true bimetalism. I deny it. It was compulsory treasury silver purchasing and coining like the Bland-Allison statute of 1873 and his own statute of 1890, which differed in no substantial aspect from the law of 1853, excepting that those of 1873 and 1890 coined dollars not minor silver, as did 1853 and made them a full legal tender."

"Senator Sherman said at Zanesville, what was new to me, that for fourteen years after the resumption of specie payment, while the republican party was in power, we had gold, silver and paper money passing current in all parts of the commercial world. I had never known that from 1880 till 1894, when Cleveland came, our silver dollars and greenback dollars were exportable like our gold dollars. One of my objections to our government having taken full legal tender silver and greenback dollars is that they are not exportable. I would exterminate forever the greenback dollars, which by the endless redemption chain make the chiefest of our existing currency woes. I would be international bimetalism, by free bimetallic coinage and a ratio of 15 1/2, and not by Senator Sherman's bastard bimetalism exemplified in his law of 1890 and now repealed. If our standard silver dollars were a world-wide parity with our gold dollars, I would thereby put an end to the degradation of any coined dollar of ours. I object to Senator Sherman's misdescription of the bimetalism of 1892, which on an international ratio of 15 1/2 I advocate. We have suspended the compulsory treasury purchasing of silver and coinage of silver dollars. I urged it in the interest of international bimetalism. The suspension is steadily working in Europe to that end. It has persuaded Bismarck. Could I have my wish I would not have the treasury purchase another ounce of silver or coin another silver dollar under existing conditions till the possibility of international bimetalism on a ratio of 15 1/2 has been fairly tested by the United States."

HARVARD OFF TO-DAY.

Both Varsity and Freshmen Crews to Leave for New London.

Boston, May 31.—The Harvard university and freshmen crews will leave Cambridge for New London this afternoon, where they will put in four weeks of steady training in preparation for the annual races.

The following are the statistics of the university crew:

| Name | Wt. | Ht. | Age |
|-----------------|-----|-------------|-----|
| Stroke, Bullard | 164 | 5 ft 8 1/2 | 22 |
| No. 7, Fennessy | 172 | 5 ft 10 1/2 | 22 |
| No. 6, Watriss | 176 | 5 ft 11 1/2 | 24 |
| No. 5, Watriss | 168 | 5 ft 10 | 20 |
| No. 4, Stillman | 167 | 5 ft 10 1/2 | 20 |
| No. 3, Chatham | 159 | 5 ft 10 | 20 |
| No. 2, Sheppard | 167 | 5 ft 9 | 22 |
| Bow | 168 | 5 ft 9 1/2 | 21 |
| Coxswain, Rust | 168 | | |
| Sub, Hollister | 176 | 5 ft 11 | 21 |
| Sub, Dorman | 162 | 5 ft 10 | 24 |

The following will be the makeup of the freshmen crew when it starts: Stroke, Scull; No. 7, Goodrich; No. 6, Cabot; No. 5, Jennings; No. 4, Seaver; No. 3, Ames (captain); No. 2, Rice; bow, Hurley.

In Honor of McKinley.

New York, May 31.—General Horace Porter gave a dinner this evening in honor of Governor McKinley at his residence here. Among the other guests were Mayor Strong, Cornelius N. Biles, Eliza Root, Commissioners Grant Brookfield and Roosevelt, Warner Miller, General Samuel Thomas, General Anson MeCook, Chauncey M. Depew and Abner McKinley, brother of Governor McKinley.

DOINGS AT THE CITY HALL.

Several Important Committee Meetings Last Night.

Although there were five meetings listed for the city hall last evening none were numerously attended and in fact it required some time for all to muster a quorum. The lamp committee finally succeeded and after transacting a little routine business drove off in hacks to visit the several localities where the city has been asked to locate lamps or electric lights. For over three-quarters of an hour Councilman H. D. Grinnell waited in solitary patience for his four conferees on the committee on ordinances to put in an appearance, but none showed up and he, too, left the hall.

But three members of the committee on railroads and bridges, Alderman McDonald and Councilmen Pickett and Curtis, put in an appearance to consider the petitions which had been referred to that committee by the court of common council, but this number was sufficient to constitute a quorum and the business of the session proceeded. The first business was the petition for a change of time on the West Chapel street branch of the Fair Haven and Westville Railroad company's line. This petition was signed by Minott E. Chatfield, D. A. Alden, Frank C. Bushnell, F. H. Cogswell, F. S. Platt, F. H. Belden and a number of other taxpayers in that section of the city.

It was requested that the order now in force compelling the company to run cars to Ellsworth avenue on Derby street every six minutes be changed so as to read to the corner of Chapel and Norton streets instead. It was claimed that if this change was made a five minute service could be established to that point and a ten minute service to points beyond and also to the Yale Field. In executive session the committee decided to table the matter until the next meeting.

The committee also considered a petition of W. L. Polson, regarding the stoppage of electric cars at street crossings and the equipment of the cars with proper fenders and decided to give the petitioner leave to withdraw. The petition of J. B. Sargent, representing that the Union street approach to the bridge across the tracks of the New Haven and Northampton Railroad company is not in compliance with the conditions and obligations of said company was considered and two lengthy communications from the company reviewing the construction of the bridge were read. Attorney E. G. Buckland was present in the interests of the railroad company and stated that while he did not wish to oppose the petition, still at the same time he should like to have an opportunity to look into the recent decision of the supreme court of errors, which, in his opinion, had an important bearing on the subject at issue. In executive session the committee voted to take no action in the matter until the next meeting and in the meantime to secure the opinion of the corporation counsel on the matter.

The committee on licenses also held a meeting to consider the petitions of William J. Adams and Alexander J. McInnis for permission to maintain night lunch wagons. During a very brief session it was decided to refer the entire matter to the corporation counsel to decide as to whether the committee have any jurisdiction in the matter.

The committee on finance of the board of selectmen also held a brief session last evening, but transacted no business other than to approve the regular monthly bills of the town government. But two members of the committee were present, Selectmen Stahl and Bretzfelder.

SURVIVORS OF COLIMA.

Only Six of Them Have Succeeded in Reaching Home.

San Francisco, May 31.—A dispatch received this morning from Guatemala says steamer Baracoula picked up a raft with nine passengers of the wrecked steamer Colima. Among the number was Luis Peters of this city. The steamer has not yet put into port, but at the Pacific Mail office it is believed that the steamer signalled a vessel searching for the missing, and the latter put into shore and entered the news to the nearest town. From there it was telegraphed to Guatemala. The company has telegraphed for the full list of those rescued.

Later details are contained in the following dispatch:

Colima, Mex., May 31.—Six survivors of the steamer Colima have reached here. They are John Thornton, J. E. Childred of Seattle and cabin passenger Lewis Peters, and Vinder; Seamen Gonzalez and Fred Johnson.

They got ashore on a raft from which three seamen were lost. Another raft with five persons was seen near San Elmo is not known. The women and children were all in the staterooms and all went down with the steamer. A dispatch from Manzanillo says: The survivors saw Purser Wafer pulling away from the steamer. It is supposed that the boat is still afloat.

There is some anxiety displayed among shipmen concerning the safety of the schooner Hayes, which was reported as having been caught in a heavy swell, while the Colima anchored. A paper here says that on investigation it may be proved that the submarine earthquake caused the Colima's destruction.

No Crooks Yet Arrested.

The police yesterday had their eagle eyes open for a big gang of crooks which are following in the wake of Buffalo Bill's Wild West show. Word was received from Bridgeport, Conn., that their depredations in that city day before yesterday were quite extensive. No one was arrested for light fingered dealings yesterday, and so far no one has reported thefts.

C. N. KENDALL WAS ELECTED

ACTION OF THE BOARD OF EDUCATION AT ITS SPECIAL MEETING.

The New Superintendent of Schools to Receive a Salary of \$8,500—An Increase of \$500 over ex-superintendent Curtis Salary—Short Sketch of His Career—Has Spent Much of His Life in Educational Work.

C. N. Kendall was elected superintendent of schools of the New Haven city school district at a special meeting of the board of education held last evening. All the commissioners were present. The joint committees, composed of the committee on special instruction and the committee on schools, which had the matter of the selection of a new superintendent of schools in charge reported through its chairman, "Ell Whitney, Jr., that Mr. Kendall was the choice of the committee. He was unanimously elected by the board. His salary was fixed at \$8,500 per annum, which is an increase of \$500 over Superintendent Curtis' salary. He was given the usual allowance of \$300 per annum for horse hire.

In the matter of the location of a new factory near the Fair street school the board of education voted to adhere to any action the board of health might take. It is thought that the board of health will restrain the factory from being placed so near the school as is intended.

SKETCH OF MR. KENDALL'S CAREER.

Calvin N. Kendall was born in Augusta, Oneida county, N. Y., in 1857. His father and mother are living there now, his father being a prosperous farmer there. He was educated at Hamilton college, Plinton, Oneida, N. Y., graduating when he was nineteen or twenty years old. He taught school while in college in neighboring public schools. Then he went to Milwaukee for about two years, where he was principal in one of the public schools. From there he went to Jackson, Mich., where he was principal of the high school and superintendent of the public schools at the same time. He was there five years and resigned to go to Saginaw, Mich., where he was superintendent of public schools for two years. He was unanimously re-elected at an increased salary at Saginaw, but declined and went into the real estate business in Chicago. He was in Chicago a year and then took a position with D. C. Heath & Co., of Chicago and Boston, the well known school and text book publishers, whom he has been representing in Michigan, Ohio and Indiana.

He is a brother of N. W. Kendall, president of the Quinipiac Brewing company of this city, and has four other brothers in different parts of the country and two sisters.

He is young, energetic, has great force of character and great executive ability, with large experience. He is a Congregationalist and has wife and no children. He married a Jackson, Mich., lady.

ORITARY.

Death of James H. Chamberlain, One of Our Well Known Younger Prominent Merchants.

Mr. James H. Chamberlain of the Chamberlain Furniture and Mantel company of this city, passed away at his home on Orchard street late yesterday afternoon after a short illness with pneumonia. The disease set in about two weeks ago, and affected his heart so that ulcerated inflammation set in and caused death.

Mr. Chamberlain was a prominent figure in business circles, and had a host of friends. He was actively connected with the College street Congregational church, where his presence was endearing to all. His death will be a great shock to many, as he was supposed to be in the best of health. Dr. W. G. Daggett was in attendance and called in consultation Dr. Bacon at the last, together with Dr. Chamberlain of Chelsea, a brother of the deceased. He leaves a wife and one child, also two brothers, G. R. and Dr. Myron Chamberlain of Chelsea, and two sisters, Mrs. James L. Johnson of Springfield and Miss Hannah Chamberlain of this city. The deceased had a fine summer cottage in Norfolk, Conn., next that of William H. Mossey of the New Haven house,